Consultative Committee for Acoustics, Ultrasound and Vibration -CCAUV

President: Dr Takashi USUDA

(NMIJ/AIST Japan)

Executive Secretary: Dr G. Panfilo (BIPM)

Bureau

International des

- Poids et
- + Mesures



The need for a global forum for <u>A</u>coustic <u>U</u>ltrasound <u>V</u>ibration

Because it's a wide ranging quantity

in frequency 0.1 Hz to 20 MHz 10^8 magnitude



20 Hz-20 kHz audible to human

0.1 Hz - infrasound and seismic motion

150 Hz-150 kHz Dolphin perception

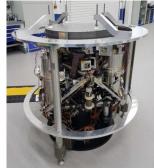
Diagnosis, treatment -20 MHz



www.bipm.org

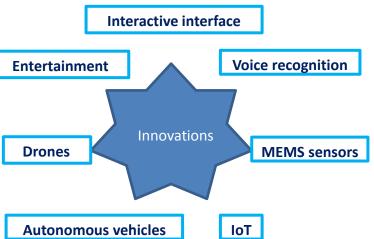
The need for a global forum for <u>A</u>coustic <u>U</u>Itrasound <u>V</u>ibration

Because it's a creation engine for innovation



A 6DOF micro-vibration measurement/generation test facility (NPL)





Transducer characterization under various range, mode and magnitude



Angular vibration calibration (PTB)



2 ½ DoF position and rate table with Smartphone (NIST)

3

www.bipm.org

Long-stroke shaker for seismometer calibration (NM)

The need for a global forum for <u>A</u>coustic <u>U</u>Itrasound <u>V</u>ibration

Because relationships with other international bodies should be established

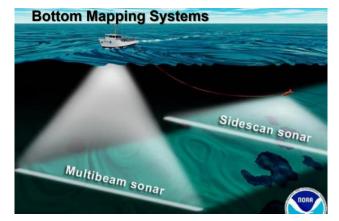


The need for a global forum for <u>A</u>coustic <u>U</u>ltrasound <u>V</u>ibration

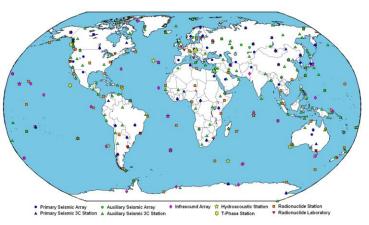
Because regional to global level environmental monitoring is needed



Wind turbine noise (APMP report)



Marine Geophysical Surveys (image: NOAA)



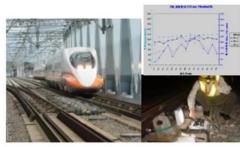
Seismic, infrasound, hydrophone International Monitoring System (IMS) for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBTO)

The need for a global forum for <u>A</u>coustic <u>U</u>ltrasound <u>V</u>ibration

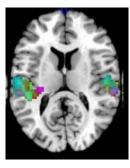
Because global comparability for safety and health should be secured







Vehicle monitoring (photo CMS/ITRI)



Ultrasonic Computed Tomography for breast cancer diagnosis (NPL)

Noise perception (PTB)



Noise protection Hand arm, whole body vibration protection



Crash testing (Photo: Japan Automotive Research Institute)

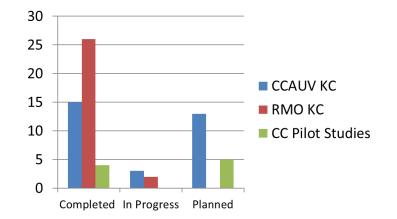
www.bipm.org

Facts about the CCAUV

• Establishment of the CCAUV

Adopted at the 87th CIPM meeting in 1998 and held the 1st CCAUV meeting in 1999 Consensus : To meet CIPM MRA requirements

- 18 members, 12 observers, 2 liaisons with international standardization bodies.
- One plenary meeting every 2 years
- KC plan and cycle are published in our strategic document
- CMC: 1174 CMCs of which 870 are linked to a KC supported by the CCAUV



Governance of the CCAUV

CCAUV Working Groups

Working Group for Key Comparisons (CCAUV-KCWG) Consistent implementation of the requirements of the CIPM MRA in terms of comparisons Working Group for RMO Coordination (CCAUV-RMOWG) Harmonize inter RMO issues such as review criteria Working Group on Strategic Planning (CCAUV-SPWG) Identify and monitor the needs and developments in AUV, propose strategic document

- Strategic plan for 2017 to 2027 was adopted and published at the plenary meeting in 2017
- KC planning : The planning process for KCs involves careful deliberation to optimize resource requirements needed to respond to the needs of its stakeholders. Repeat KCs are planned 10-year cycle

Other activities related to the CCAUV

- Metrologia Focus Issue on "Metrology for Dynamic Measurements"
- Adopted open access policy : https://www.bipm.org/en/committees/cc/ccauv/
- Regional activities





TCAUV Euramet

TCAUV Coomet





TCAUV APMP



takashi.usuda@aist.go.jp

Bureau

- International des
 - Poids et



Versailles 13-16 novembre 2018

www.bipm.org